



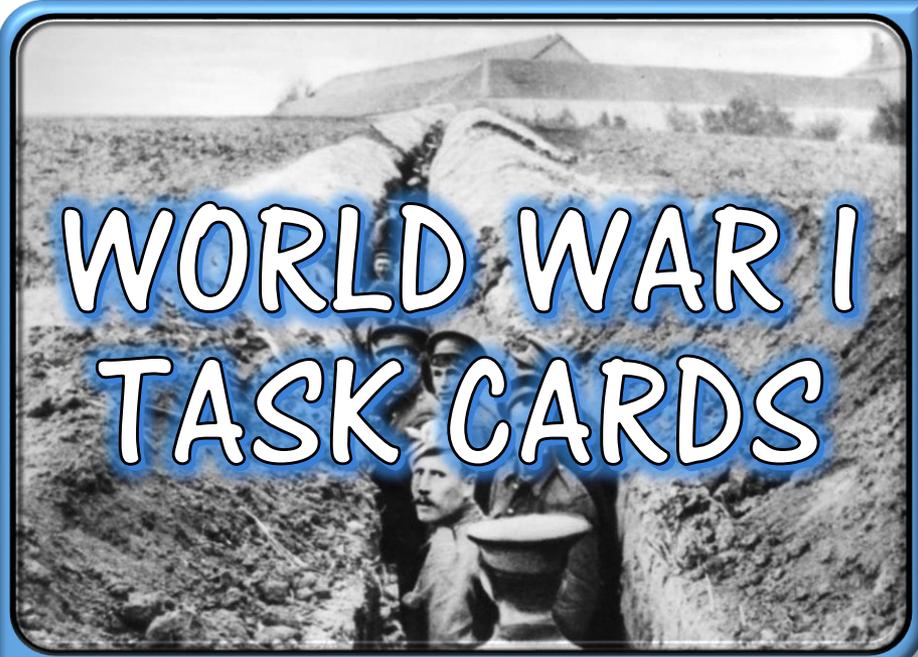
WORLD WAR I  
TASK CARDS



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# WORLD WAR I

1) He was the American President during the duration of the First World War.



# WORLD WAR I

2) This was the name of the treaty that ended World War I.

- a) Treaty of Paris
- b) Treaty of Versailles
- c) Treaty of Munich
- d) Treaty of Berlin

# WORLD WAR I

3) The United States entered the fighting in World War I on the side of the:

- a) Triple Entente
- b) Axis
- c) Triple Alliance
- d) Central Powers

# WORLD WAR I

4) This new and deadly weapon used in WWI caused blistering of the skin and a loss of breath for soldiers.



# WORLD WAR I

5) What international organization was created following World War I that was introduced by Woodrow Wilson?



# WORLD WAR I

6) What year did World War I begin?

- a) 1912
- b) 1914
- c) 1918
- d) 1919

# WORLD WAR I

7) The United States entered the fighting in World War I mostly because of:

- a) The Russian Revolution
- b) Germany Submarine Warfare
- c) Battle of the Marne
- d) All of the Above

# WORLD WAR I

8) Woodrow Wilson introduced this as the end of WWI as a way of hoping to avoid future conflicts similar to WWI.

# WORLD WAR I

9) He led the Russian Revolution in 1917.



# WORLD WAR I

10) What year did the United States join direct fighting in WWI?

- a) 1912
- b) 1914
- c) 1917
- d) 1919

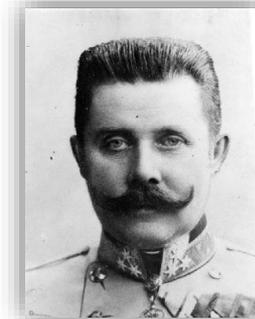
# WORLD WAR I

11) Which of the following did Woodrow Wilson state as a reason for entering WWI:

- a) Make world safe for democracy
- b) Help improve isolationist policies at home
- c) Assist Central Powers in time of need
- d) All of the Above

# WORLD WAR I

12) His assassination was the immediate cause of WWI.



# WORLD WAR I

**13)** Who were the 3 main member countries of the Central Powers?

- a) Germany, France and Britain
- b) Germany, Austria-Hungary and Russia
- c) Germany, Austria-Hungary and Italy
- d) Britain, France and Russia

# WORLD WAR I

**14)** Which country suffered the largest loss of life in all of WWI?

- a) Russia
- b) France
- c) Germany
- d) United States
- e) Britain

# WORLD WAR I

**15)** What was the result of the Russian Revolution?

- a) Russia withdrew its forces from fighting in World War I
- b) Russia became a Communist country
- c) Russia signed a treaty with Germany
- d) All of the Above

# WORLD WAR I

**16)** Why did some Members of Congress in the United States oppose the Treaty of Versailles following the end of World War I?

# WORLD WAR I

17) Who was responsible for the murder of Franz Ferdinand?

- a) Serbian Nationalist
- b) Russian Nationalist
- c) German Nationalist
- d) British Nationalist

# WORLD WAR I

18) In what country did much of the fighting of the "Western Front" occur?

- a) Germany
- b) Britain
- c) France
- d) Russia

# WORLD WAR I

19) Who was Germany seeking an alliance with in the Zimmermann Telegram?

- a) Mexico
- b) Japan
- c) China
- d) Argentina

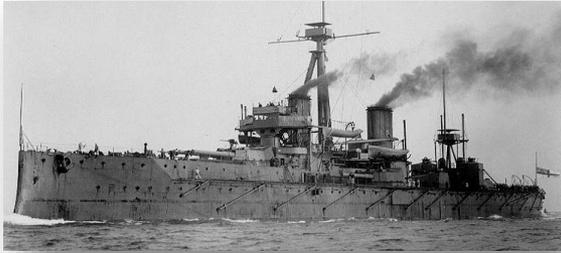
# WORLD WAR I

20) He was overthrown as the Czar of Russia during the Russian Revolution.



# WORLD WAR I

**21)** The British Royal Navy began using these ships, which are often considered to be the first modern battleship.



# WORLD WAR I

**22)** What country came to the aid of Serbia before the start of WWI?

- a) Germany
- b) Britain
- c) France
- d) Russia

# WORLD WAR I

**23)** Which country declared it would provide Austria-Hungary with a “blank cheque” before WWI?

- a) Germany
- b) France
- c) Britain
- d) Russia

# WORLD WAR I

**24)** The area between the front-line trenches was called this.



# WORLD WAR I

**25)** During the years before WWI there was an arms race between two European nations. Which were they?

- a) Germany and Britain
- b) Germany and France
- c) France and Italy
- d) Germany and Russia

# WORLD WAR I

**26)** Which countries were the main members of the Triple Entente alliance?

- a) Germany, France and Britain
- b) Britain, France and Russia
- c) Germany, Italy and Austria-Hungary
- d) Russia, Germany and Austria-Hungary

# WORLD WAR I

**27)** WWI was most characterized by this type of warfare.

- a) Trench Warfare
- b) Air Superiority
- c) Tank Supremacy
- d) Blitzkrieg

# WORLD WAR I

**28)** Many soldiers suffered from this, which as an infection of the foot caused by prolonged exposure to water-logged trenches.



# WORLD WAR I

29) Which of the following is true regarding the troops that went to war when WWI began?

- a) They went for a sense of adventure
- b) They went to represent their countries
- c) They believed that they would be home by Christmas
- d) All of the Above

# WORLD WAR I

30) What famous event occurred on the first Christmas of WWI?



# WORLD WAR I

31) This was the name of the German battle plan to knock France out of WWI as quick as possible.

- a) Schlieffen Plan
- b) Munich Plan
- c) Blitzkrieg Plan
- d) Berlin Plan

# WORLD WAR I

32) Which of the following terms best relates to the money that Germany was forced to repay following the end of WWI?

- a) Reparations
- b) Dividends
- c) Rhineland
- d) None of the Above

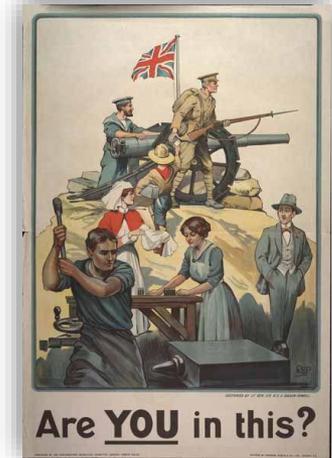
# WORLD WAR I

33) Which of the following is not a stipulation of the Treaty of Versailles forced on Germany?

- a) Must demilitarize the Rhineland
- b) Must give up control over all foreign territories
- c) Limit army to 100,000 soldiers
- d) Must create an alliance with Russia to restore harmony in Eastern Europe.

# WORLD WAR I

34) WWI was a clear example of a “total war”. Explain what this means.



# WORLD WAR I

35) Which European nation first introduced the tank as a weapon in warfare?

- a) Britain
- b) France
- c) Germany
- d) Italy

# WORLD WAR I

36) Explain the outcome of the Schlieffen Plan. What did it lead to?



# WORLD WAR I

37) Which German attack caused the British to go to war?

- a) Attack on Serbia
- b) Attack on Belgium
- c) Attack on Russia
- d) Attack on Switzerland

# WORLD WAR I

38) Which of the following was not a cause of WWI?

- a) Nationalism
- b) Imperialism in Africa
- c) Alliances
- d) Worldwide Economic Collapse

# WORLD WAR I

39) Who won WWI?

- a) Germany
- b) Central Powers
- c) Triple Alliance
- d) Triple Entente

# WORLD WAR I

40) This was the area of Southeastern Europe that experienced a great deal of nationalistic tensions before WWI.

- a) Balkans
- b) Mesopotamia
- c) Belgium
- d) None of the Above

**WORLD WAR I**

**WORLD WAR I**

**WORLD WAR I**

**WORLD WAR I**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

# WORLD WAR I TASK CARDS - ANSWER SHEET

**Directions:** Place your answers in the space below.

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

6. \_\_\_\_\_

7. \_\_\_\_\_

8. \_\_\_\_\_

9. \_\_\_\_\_

10. \_\_\_\_\_

11. \_\_\_\_\_

12. \_\_\_\_\_

13. \_\_\_\_\_

14. \_\_\_\_\_

15. \_\_\_\_\_

16. \_\_\_\_\_

17. \_\_\_\_\_

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26. \_\_\_\_\_

27. \_\_\_\_\_

28. \_\_\_\_\_

29. \_\_\_\_\_

30. \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

# WORLD WAR I TASK CARDS - ANSWER SHEET

**Directions:** Place your answers in the space below.

31. \_\_\_\_\_

32. \_\_\_\_\_

33. \_\_\_\_\_

34. \_\_\_\_\_

35. \_\_\_\_\_

36. \_\_\_\_\_

37. \_\_\_\_\_

38. \_\_\_\_\_

39. \_\_\_\_\_

40. \_\_\_\_\_

# WORLD WAR I TASK CARDS - ANSWER SHEET

**Directions:** Place your answers in the space below.

1. Woodrow Wilson
2. B
3. A
4. Poisonous Gas
5. League of Nations
6. B
7. B
8. Wilson's 14 Points
9. Vladimir Lenin
10. C
11. A
12. Franz Ferdinand
13. C
14. A
15. D
16. It would take away USA sovereignty.
17. A
18. C
19. A
20. Nicholas II
21. Dreadnought
22. D
23. A
24. No Man's Land
25. B
26. B
27. A
28. Trench Foot
29. D
30. Christmas Truce

# WORLD WAR I TASK CARD - ANSWER SHEET

**Directions:** Place your answers in the space below.

31. A

32. A

33. D

34. A war in which all aspects of society are involved.

35. A

36. Trench Warfare / Stalemate

37. B

38. D

39. D

40. A

# HOW TO USE THIS RESOURCE!

This set of task cards is an excellent review/learning activity, especially before an exam or at the end of a unit. It offers many opportunities for differentiation and can be used either as an individual or collaborative activity. I typically place the cards at different points in the room and have students rotate between them and complete their answers on the included answer sheet. Also, the teacher could have student break into groups and each group could be tasked with working through each set of task cards.

This set of task cards contain questions that apply to both American History classrooms and World History classroom. If needed the teacher could use the entire set, or use only those cards that apply to their specific classroom.

Use the included “backs” of the task cards to photocopy the task cards double-sided. If you want the cards to last, you may want to consider laminating them.

I have also included a set of blank task cards so that you may write your own questions, if you so wish. Students could simply add their answers to the blank spaces of the answer sheet. Or the teacher could lead an activity in which the students create their own cards using the template provided.

The teacher could consider adding a word bank on the front board of terms/people that are answers in these task cards to assist students or to modify the activity.

Thank you, and I hope you find this useful with your students!